Honey fungus plant list

RHS Gardening Advice

March 2021



Trees, shrubs and other woody plants showing susceptibility or some degree of resistance to honey fungus

Deciding what to plant in a garden after discovering honey fungus is a challenge for gardeners. Use our lists below to avoid very susceptible trees and shrubs, and choose more resistant ones. This should help reduce further losses, letting you continue to enjoy a garden full of height and structure that woody plants bring.

We have compiled a list of honey fungus records from the RHS Gardening Advice database, using the number of cases recorded since 1996, adjusted by the popularity of the plant in UK gardens. This provides a frequency of occurrence of honey fungus on each genus.

How to use this list as a planting guide:

Three separate tables are presented, for decisions on planting hedges, trees or shrubs. In each, there are three categories of plants:

- Frequently affected: these plants are clearly susceptible to honey fungus and should be avoided, where possible, in situations where honey fungus is known to be present.
- Sometimes affected: these plants are less often affected than those in the previous category, but it may be worth avoiding them where honey fungus is known to be present.
- Rarely affected: These plants are likely to have some degree of resistance to honey fungus. On this basis, we recommend them in situations where honey fungus has been found.

If a woody plant you are considering is not listed below, it is because we have insufficient data on it to determine its degree of susceptibility to honey fungus. Some information on these is included below the main lists.

Hedges:

Frequently affected plants (** = top host)

Alnus (alder) Eleagnus Spiraea

Aucuba (spotted laurel) Escallonia Syringa** (lilac)
Chamaecyparis (false cypress) Ligustrum** (privet) Thuja**

Choisya (mexican orange)

Choisya (mexican orange)

Photinia

Viburnum**

Cotoneaster**

Pyracantha

Weigela**

Crataegus (hawthorn) Rhododendron x Cuprocyparis** (leyland cypress)

Cupressus (cypress) Salix** (willow)

Sometimes affected

Acer (maple, sycamore)Fagus (beech)PotentillaBerberis (barberry)HebeRibes (currant)Carpinus (hornbeam)Ilex (holly)Rosa (rose)

Euonymus Osmanthus

Online: www.rhs.org.uk/myadvice Tel: 01483 479700 (Mon-Fri, 10am − 1pm) | Follow us on Write to: RHS Gardening Advice, RHS Garden, Wisley, Woking, Surrey GU23 6QB

Hedges (continued):

Rarely affected

Buxus (box) Lavandula (lavender) Symphoricarpos (snowberry)

Chaenomeles (Jap.quince) Lonicera (honeysuckle) Tamarix
Fuschia Olearia Taxus (yew)
Griselinia Pittosporum

Hypericum Rosmarinus (rosemary)

Trees:

Frequently affected plants (** = top host)

Abies (fir) Crataegus (hawthorn) Metasequoia** Aesculus (horse chestnut) Cupressus (cypress) Parrotia Alnus (alder) Davidia (handkerchief tree) Photinia Amelanchier Eucryphia Pterocarva Betula (birch) Fraxinus (ash) Quercus (oak) Castanea (sweet chestnut) Gleditsia (honey locust) Salix** (willow) Juglans** (walnut) Ceanothus Seguoia

Cedrus**KoelreuteriaSorbus** (rowan)Cercidiphyllum**Laburnum**Syringa** (lilac)

Cercis (judas tree) Ligustrum** (privet) Thuja**

Chamaecyparis (false cypress) Liquidambar** x Cuprocyparis** (leyland cypress)

Cotoneaster** Liriodendron (tulip tree)

Sometimes affected

Acer (maple, sycamore)HoheriaPlatanus (plane)Araucaria (monkey puzzle)Ilex (holly)Populus (poplar)

Carpinus (hornbeam) Juniperus (juniper) Prunus (flowering cherry, stone fruit)

Cornus (dogwood)MagnoliaRobinia (false acacia)Corylus (hazel)Malus (apple)Sambucus (elder)Cydonia (quince)OsmanthusTilia (lime)EucalyptusPaulowniaUlmus (elm)

EucalyptusPaulowniaEuonymusPicea (spruce)Fagus (beech)Pinus (pine)

Rarely affected

Cryptomeria Acacia (mimosa) Morus (mulberry) Ailanthus (tree of heaven) Diospyros Olea (olive) Albizia (silk tree) **Erythrina** Pyrus (pear) Arbutus (strawberry tree) Exochorda Sophora Caesalpinia Ficus (fig) Taxus (yew) Zelkova Catalpa (indian bean tree) Ginkgo

Clerodendrum Lagerstroemia
Cordyline Laurus (bay laurel)

Online: www.rhs.org.uk/myadvice Tel: 01483 479700 (Mon-Fri, 10am – 1pm) | Follow us on Write to: RHS Gardening Advice, RHS Garden, Wisley, Woking, Surrey GU23 6QB

Shrubs:

Frequently affected plants (** = top host)

Alnus (alder)EleagnusPhysocarpusAucuba (spotted laurel)EscalloniaPyracanthaBuddlejaEucryphiaRhododendronCaryopterisFatsiaSalix** (willow)CeanothusForsythia**Skimmia

Choisya (mexican orange) Fremontodendron Sorbus** (rowan)

Cistus Hamamelis (witch hazel) Spiraea

Cotoneaster**

Ligustrum** (privet)

Crataegus (hawthorn)

Mahonia

Viburnum**

Cytisus (broom)

Photinia

Weigela**

Sometimes affected

Acer (maple, sycamore) Hebe Potentilla

Artemisia Ilex (holly) Prunus (flowering cherry, stone fruit)

Berberis (barberry)Juniperus (juniper)Rhus (sumac)Carpinus (hornbeam)Lavatera (mallow)Ribes (currant)Cornus (dogwood)MagnoliaRosa (rose)Corylus (hazel)OsmanthusSambucus (elder)

Deutzia Paeonia Senecio

Embothrium Perovskia Euonymus Pinus (pine)

Rarely affected

AbeliaErica (heather)Nerium (oleander)AbutilonEriobotryaOlea (olive)AkebiaExochordaOleariaArbutus (strawberry tree)Ficus (fig)Philadelphus

Bambusa (bamboo) Fuschia Phlomis (Jeruselum sage)
Buxus (box) Garrya Phormium (New Zealand flax)

CaesalpiniaGrevilleaPhygeliusCallicarpaGriseliniaPierisCallistemon (bottle brush)HederaPittosporumCalluna (heather)HibiscusProtea

Calycanthus Hydrangea Punica (pomegranate)
Camellia Hypericum Rhamnus (buckthorn)

Carpenteria (tree anenome) Jasminum (jasmine) Ricinus

Ceratostigma (plumbago) Kerria Rosmarinus (rosemary)

Chaenomeles (Jap.quince)Laurus (bay laurel)RubusChamaerops (fan palm)Lavandula (lavender)SalviaChimonanthus (wintersweet)LeptospermumSarcococcaClerodendrumLeycesteriaSolanumConvolvulusLonicera (honeysuckle)Sophora

Cordyline Melianthus Symphoricarpos (snowberry)

Coronilla Morus (mulberry) Tamarix

Cotinus Myrtus (myrtle) Vaccinium (blueberry, cranberry)

Daphne Nandina

Online: www.rhs.org.uk/myadvice Tel: 01483 479700 (Mon-Fri, 10am – 1pm) | Follow us on Write to: RHS Gardening Advice, RHS Garden, Wisley, Woking, Surrey GU23 6QB

Climbers:

Frequently affected

Campsis Parthenocissus

Sometimes affected

Actinidia Trachelospermum

Rosa Vitis

Rarely affected

Akebia Hedera Lonicera (Honeysuckle)

Albizia Hydrangea Passiflora Clematis Jasminium Wisteria

Insufficient information:

Honey fungus has been recorded in UK gardens on these plants, but we have insufficient data to determine their degree of susceptibility. However, their use should be treated with caution in gardens where honey fungus is known to occur.

Insufficient information

Abeliophyllum Indigofera Rhaphiolepis Aralia Itea Ruscus Kalmia Santolina Aristolochia Argyrocytisus Kennedia Sciadopitys Kolkwitzia Seguoiadendron Azara Brachyglottis Larix (larch) Stachyurus Caragana Leucothoe Stewartia Corokia Lithodora Styrax Corylopsis Luma Syngonium Enkianthus Taxodium Mespilus (medlar) Fothergilla Nothofagus Tecoma Gaultheria Nyssa Ulex (gorse) Genista Parahebe Vitex Wollemia Halesia Phillyrea

Helianthemum (rock rose)PoncirusHelichrysumProstantheraHippophaePtelea

If a woody plant you are considering is not listed in this document, it is because we have not found honey fungus on it, but it is not sufficiently common in UK gardens to determine its degree of susceptibility.

Online: www.rhs.org.uk/myadvice Tel: 01483 479700 (Mon-Fri, 10am – 1pm) | Follow us on Write to: RHS Gardening Advice, RHS Garden, Wisley, Woking, Surrey GU23 6QB